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Stachthuyovoll
vom Verleger

Zwei Lieder vom Tode

FÜR MEZZO SOPRAN (ODER TIEFEN TENOR)



und
Orchester



COMPONIRT
von

FRITZ ARLBERG

op. 2.
PARTITUR.

Eigenthum des Verlegers.

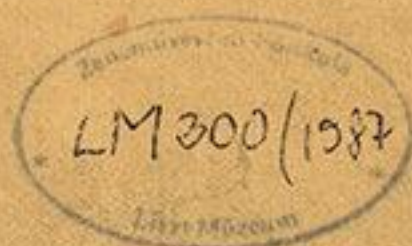
Christiania
C. WARMUTH.

Verlags- und Sortimentshandlung
Dépot nordischer Musikliteratur

Stockholm:
Elkan & Schildknecht.

Leipzig:
Edm. Stoll.

Kopenhagen:
C.C. Lose (F. Borchorst).



Orsz. M. Liszt Ferenc Zeneműv. Főiskola
NYVTÁRA
Leltározva: 1948. _____ hó _____
tsz. alatt.



ZENEAKADÉMIA

LISZT MÚZEUM

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ZENEAKADÉMIA
LISZT MÚZEUM

ZWEI LIEDER VOM TODE.

1



I

Langsam. (♩ = 60.)

Fritz Arlberg. Op. 2.

Flauti.

Oboi.

Clarinet.in B.

Fagotti.

Corni in F.

Corni in Es.

Trombe in Es.

Tromboni.
Alto, Tenore.

Trombone Basso.

Timpani in
As, Des.

Violini 1^{mi}

Violini 2^{di}

Viole.

Canto.

Celli.

Bassi.

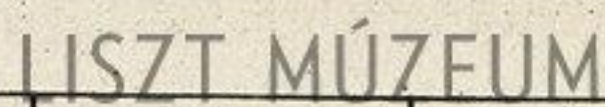
con sordini.

con sordini.

con sordini.

divisi.

Der Tod das ist die kühl-le Nacht, das Leben



C. W. 212.

The image shows a page of a musical score, likely for a piano and voice. The score is written in a key with three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat) and a 3/4 time signature. The piano part is in the upper staves, and the vocal part is in the lower staves. The score is divided into two systems. The first system consists of four staves for the piano and two staves for the voice. The second system consists of four staves for the piano and two staves for the voice. The piano part features various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *pp* (pianissimo) and *p* (piano). The vocal part includes lyrics in German. A large, semi-transparent watermark is overlaid on the center of the page, featuring a circular emblem with a harp and the text "ZENEAkadémia LISZT MÚZEUM".

Tag, der Tag hat mü-de mich gemacht, der Tag, der Tag hat

p *pp* 3

p *pp* 3

pp *p* *pp* *pp* pizz. *arco divisi.*

pp *pizz.* *pp* 3

mü - de mich ge - macht. Ue - ber mein Bett er - hebt sich ein

[illegible]

pp
p
pp
p
p
6
divisi.
p
arco.
arco.

singt von lau - - ter Lie - be, ich hör' es so - gar im Traum, ich



The musical score is written for piano and voice. It consists of two systems of staves. The first system includes a piano introduction with various dynamics like *pp*, *mf*, and *p*. The second system begins with the vocal entry, marked *pp*, with the lyrics "hör' es so gar im Traum, ich hör' es, ich hör' es so -". The piano accompaniment continues with complex textures, including a *mf* *divisi.* section. The score concludes with a *mf* dynamic marking.

ZENEAKADÉMIA
LISZT MŰZEUM

hör' es so gar im Traum, ich hör' es, ich hör' es so -

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a piano piece. The score is written on multiple staves, with musical notation including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *pp* (pianissimo) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). A large, semi-transparent watermark is overlaid on the center of the page, reading "ZENÉAKADÉMIA LISZT MŰZEUM". The watermark is accompanied by a circular logo on the left side, which features a stylized lyre or similar musical instrument. The page is numbered "12" in the bottom right corner. The musical notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings, indicating a complex and expressive piece. The overall layout is typical of a printed musical score, with staves arranged in a vertical column and the watermark centered horizontally. The page number "12" is located in the bottom right corner, and the dynamic markings *pp* and *mf* are used throughout the score to indicate changes in volume. The watermark "ZENÉAKADÉMIA LISZT MŰZEUM" is a prominent feature, suggesting the score is part of a collection or publication associated with the Liszt Museum and the Hungarian Academy of Music. The circular logo on the left side of the watermark is a stylized representation of a lyre, a common symbol for music and the arts. The musical notation itself is detailed, with various note values and rests, and the dynamic markings are clearly visible, providing a comprehensive view of the piece's structure and performance instructions. The page is well-organized, with the watermark and logo providing context and branding, while the musical notation itself is the primary focus for the performer. The overall appearance is that of a high-quality, professional musical score, suitable for both study and performance. The use of a watermark and logo suggests that the score is part of a larger collection or publication, and the page number "12" indicates its position within the work. The dynamic markings and musical notation are essential for understanding the piece's character and performance requirements, and the watermark and logo provide additional information about the source and context of the score. The page is a clear and effective representation of a musical score, combining artistic and technical elements to create a comprehensive and informative document. The watermark and logo are well-placed and do not obscure the musical notation, ensuring that the score remains the primary focus of the page. The page number "12" is also clearly visible, providing a clear indication of the score's position within the work. The overall layout and design of the page are professional and well-suited for its purpose, making it an excellent example of a musical score page. The watermark and logo are a key feature, providing context and branding, while the musical notation and dynamic markings are essential for understanding the piece's structure and performance requirements. The page is a clear and effective representation of a musical score, combining artistic and technical elements to create a comprehensive and informative document. The watermark and logo are well-placed and do not obscure the musical notation, ensuring that the score remains the primary focus of the page. The page number "12" is also clearly visible, providing a clear indication of the score's position within the work. The overall layout and design of the page are professional and well-suited for its purpose, making it an excellent example of a musical score page.

9

The musical score is written for a string quartet, consisting of four staves. The notation is complex, featuring many slurs, ties, and dynamic markings. The key signature has three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The score is divided into two systems. The first system has four staves, and the second system has four staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, slurs, ties, and dynamic markings like *p*, *mf*, and *f*. There is a large watermark in the center of the page that reads "ZENEMAKADÉMIA LISZT MŰZEUM".

arco. C.W. 212

poco rit.

[illegible]

A musical score for Liszt's 'Hungarian Rhapsody No. 1'. The score is written on five staves. The first three staves are for the right hand, and the last two are for the left hand. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 2/4. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'pp' and 'ppp'. A large, stylized watermark of the Zeneakadémia logo is visible in the background.

poco rit.

poco rit.

p *pp* *pizz.*

p *pp* *pizz.*

p *pp* *pizz.*

ich hör' es so-gar im Traum. (H. Heine.)

The second system of the musical score consists of two staves. The upper staff continues with a melodic line, featuring a half note, a quarter note, and a half note, with a crescendo hairpin leading to a *p* dynamic. The lower staff provides a rhythmic accompaniment with eighth and quarter notes, marked *pizz.* and *p*. The system concludes with a *poco rit.* marking and a *pp* dynamic, leading into the next system.

poco rit.

attacca.

II

Sehr langsam. (♩ = 52.)

Flauti.

Oboi.

Clarinet.in B.

Fagotti.

Corni in F.

Corni in Es.

Trombe in F.

Tromboni.
Alto, Tenore.

Trombone Basso.

Timpani in
As, Des.

Violini 1^{mi}

Violini 2^{di}

Viole.

Canto.

Celli.

Bassi.

pp

pp

p sostenuto, senza sordini.

p sostenuto, senza sordini. divisi.

p sostenuto, senza sordini.

p sostenuto, senza sordini.

p

p

Und wenn es soll ge storben sein, Ihr

p

pp

p

pp

pizz.

Brüder, hört Ihr Brüder, tragt mich zum grünen Walde und tief verborgen scharrt mich ein,

trägt mich zum grünen Wal - de und tief ver - bor - gen

mf

p

mf

pp

p

mf

pp

fz

p

mf

pp

fz

mf

pp

fz

mf

pp

p arco.

fz

mf

pp

scharrt mich ein, und tief verbor-gen, ver-borgen, scharrt mich ein.

C. W. 212.

poco rit.

poco più mosso.

O Lenz, den ich ge-lie-bet has', die Ro-sen, lass die Ro-sen, die

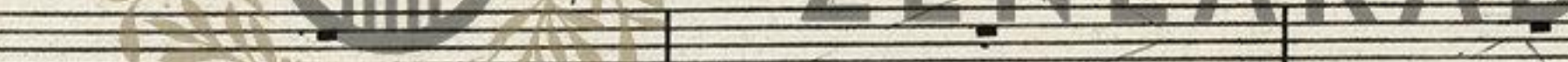
pp *p* *pp* *p* *pp* *p* *pp* *p*

arco. *pizz.*

mir versagt das Le - ben, erblüht auf meinem Grab, die Rosen, lass die Ro - sen, die

p arco.

A handwritten musical score on three staves. The notation is dense, featuring many beamed notes, particularly in the first measure of each staff. The paper is aged and shows some staining. The score is written in a single system across three staves.



The image shows a page from a musical score, identified by the text 'LISZT MŰZEUM' at the top. The score is written for three staves, likely representing different instrumental parts. The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The first staff begins with the instruction 'p arco.' and the second with 'arco.'. The third staff starts with a double bass clef. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'pp' (pianissimo) and 'mf' (mezzo-forte). The paper is aged and features a decorative floral border at the top.

mir ver_sagt das Le - ben, er - blühn auf meinem Grab, er - blühn

18

poco rit.

Tempo I^o tranquillo.

Solo.

auf meinem Grab.

O Nachtigall im Fliederbaum, du

ZENAKADÉMIA
LISZT MŰZEUM

The image shows a page from a musical score, likely a vocal or instrumental setting of a poem. The page number "18" is at the top left. The music is written on multiple staves, including vocal lines and piano accompaniment. Key markings include "poco rit." (rhythmically slowing down) and "Tempo I^o tranquillo." (first tempo, tranquil). Dynamics range from pianissimo (pp) to mezzo-forte (mf). Performance instructions like "Solo.", "auf meinem Grab.", and "O Nachtigall im Fliederbaum, du" are present. The score also includes specific playing techniques such as "pizz." (pizzicato) and "arco." (arco). A large, semi-transparent watermark reading "ZENAKADÉMIA LISZT MŰZEUM" is overlaid across the center of the page.

19

p

pp

pp

pp

pp

pp

fz

p naturale.

p naturale.

p naturale.

arco.p tremolo.

sin - ge, hörst du, sin - ge dein e - wig Lied von Lie - be, dein

ZENEA KADÉM
SZT MÚZEUM

Musical score for C.W. 212, featuring vocal and piano parts. The score is written in B-flat major (two flats) and 4/4 time. The vocal part is in the upper staves, and the piano accompaniment is in the lower staves. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. A watermark "ZENÉAKADÉMIA LISZT MŰZEUM" is visible across the center of the page.

The score is divided into two systems. The first system consists of four staves, and the second system consists of six staves. The vocal part is written in the upper staves, and the piano accompaniment is written in the lower staves. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

The lyrics are: *e - wig Lied von Lie - be, das sei mein Auf - er - stehungs - traum,*

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamic markings include *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *tr* (tremolo).

pp

pp

pp

pp

tremolo.

pp al ponticello.

pp al ponticello.

tremolo.

pp divisi.

pp al ponticello.

tremolo.

pp divisi.

o Nach-ti-gall, du sin-ge, hörst du, sin-ge dein

tremolo.

pp al ponticello.

pp pizz.

A page of handwritten musical notation, likely a score for a piano piece. The notation is written on ten staves. The first four staves are in treble clef, and the last six are in bass clef. The music features various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *p* (piano) and *pp* (pianissimo). There are also triplets indicated by a '3' over a group of notes. A large, semi-transparent watermark is overlaid on the bottom half of the page, reading 'ZENEAKADÉMIA' and 'LISZT MŰZEUM'. The watermark includes a logo on the left side, which is a stylized 'Z' inside a circle, surrounded by a laurel wreath. The page number '22' is visible in the top left corner.

musical score for a song titled "Ewig Lied von Liebe" (Forever Song of Love). The score is written for voice and piano. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats), and the time signature is 3/4. The piano part features a "p naturale." marking and a "p arco." marking. The vocal line includes the lyrics "e - wig Lied von Lie - be, dein e - wig Lied von Lie - be, das".

molto tranquillo.

dolce.

dolce.
 p
 dolce.
 p
 p dolce.
 p dolce.
 pp
 molto tranquillo.
 mf
 p
 pp
 pp
 pp
 sei mein Auf-er-stehungs-traum, dein e-wig Lied von Lie-be, dein e-wig Lied von Liebe
 mf
 p
 pp
 mf molto tranquillo.
 p
 C W 212



ZENEAKADÉMIA
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